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## COMMENT OF THE DAY

### Canal Proposals

THE Egyptian memorandum containing five proposals for the resumption of traffic through the Suez Canal is marked among other things, for its moderate, almost sober, wording. There is a clear endeavour to persuade the world of good intentions, notably Egypt's declaration that she is determined to "respect in letter and spirit" the 1888 Convention. At first sight the Egyptian proposals do not impress themselves as being objectionable. What is noticeable, however, is that the memorandum makes no reference to negotiations and studiously ignores the Security Council's six-point resolution of last October which specifically called for a negotiated agreement between Egypt and the users of the Canal.

By the terms of the document Egypt reserves for herself the right to administer the Canal, to collect the dues, or alternatively to nominate an Authority to do so, and to carry out maintenance work. And all these rights and responsibilities Egypt proposes to assume forthwith, bypassing an interim settlement which the Western powers have proposed.

THE memorandum, by inference rather than in actual statement, rejects the proposals advanced by Britain, France and the United States that until a final agreement on the operation of the Canal is reached, the World Bank should collect Canal dues. Nevertheless it is significant that Egypt reserves the right to nominate a body to collect dues on her behalf, thus not wholly slamming the door on the proposition that the World Bank should act as the collecting and handling agent. This suggests an effort to win in particular American sympathy for the Egyptian plan.

Timing of the release of the memorandum also bears some importance. It has been made public on the eve of the Bermuda talks where without doubt it must figure in the deliberations between President Eisenhower and Mr Macmillan. Moreover it must be the hope of Colonel Nasser that Mr Eisenhower will be impressed with what appears to be reasonable proposals and will urge upon the British Prime Minister their acceptance. If the document does win the sympathy of the American President the discussions at Bermuda may become rather more forthright than anticipated.

EGYPT expressed determination to respect fully the 1888 Convention implies that providing she is allowed to enjoy full control over the Canal, the waterway will remain open for all shipping. And it can be noted that the memorandum contains no reference to the possibility of interfering with the rights of Israel or any other nation to the use of the Canal. But it would be unwise to draw hard and fast conclusions from this.

Egypt insists that she is still in a state of war with Israel and while that pertains, she must maintain her policy of denying Israeli shipping right to use the Canal. Egypt herself does not envisage immediate ending of the state of war, but she does obviously expect to assume working control of the Canal when it has been cleared for all types of ships. In such a situation it would be impossible for Egypt to honour to the full her obligations under the 1888 Convention.

There does appear to be opportunity for negotiations based on the Egyptian memorandum, but its unqualified acceptance by the principal users of the Canal is highly improbable. The whole subject may yet have to be tossed back to the UN Security Council.

# MACMILLAN LEAVES FOR BERMUDA

## Meeting With Eisenhower They Meet Here

### Can Lay Foundations To Solve Future Problems

London, Mar. 19. Mr Harold Macmillan left here tonight for his four-day Bermuda talks with President Eisenhower declaring his confidence that a "great deal" would be gained from the meeting.

The Prime Minister, accompanied by Britain's Foreign Secretary, Mr Selwyn Lloyd, and the United States Ambassador to London, Mr John Whitney, was flying through the night in a British Overseas Airways Corporation Stratocruiser.

The plane is scheduled to arrive at Bermuda at 1000 hours local time (1400 GMT) tomorrow after a short refuelling stop at Gander, Newfoundland.

Mr Macmillan will confer with the President between Thursday and Sunday and will then meet Mr Louis St Laurent, the Canadian Prime Minister, before flying home on March 27.

Mr Macmillan, who was seen off by Mr R. A. Butler, the Home Secretary, told reporters at London Airport he was looking forward to the talks for two reasons.

"The first is that it is a great thing we are having this meeting on British soil—one of the oldest British possessions of the Crown," he said.

"Then it will be very nice to meet a very old friend."

"I have known him since the days of the war when I worked at his headquarters as British Resident Minister."

"We had a lot of very tough problems to deal with and we made great friends."

**TALK FRANKLY**

"One of the advantages of friendship is that you can talk frankly among friends."

"This is one occasion when the British will be quite frank, and I feel sure the Americans will be quite frank about what they feel."

"Partnership and friendship are the basis of frankness."

"I am confident a great deal will be gained by this meeting, because it will be in the spirit of friends who have worked together in difficult times in the past, and who are trying to work together in the difficult times of today."

"I never believe these meetings achieve solutions to all the great problems, but you can lay the foundation for a solution to the problems as they come up week by week and month by month."

"That is because you know what is in the minds of your

friends and partners, and then each problem becomes easier to solve with that background of understanding and friendship."

Mr Macmillan was asked if he would have any meetings alone with the President.

**PRIVATE MEETINGS**

The Prime Minister replied: "I am sure I shall have some meetings alone with President Eisenhower."

"In this great conference there will be meetings of heads alone, other restricted meetings, and then meetings of great quantities of advisers."

"You have to use all the methods in meetings of this kind."

When asked if the industrial situation in Britain would cause a readjustment of his visit, Mr Macmillan said: "I trust not. I think it is my duty to keep this appointment."

Referring to problems to be discussed at the conference, Mr Macmillan said some were short-term and some long-term.

"I think you have got to get a general understanding, and then you can come back and study all the problems," he declared.

Asked if he intended playing with the President at golf at Bermuda, Mr Macmillan replied: "I am not taking my clubs, but I daren't I could borrow some."

"I am not a very good golfer, and I understand the President is rather good."

**RECEIVED BY QUEEN**

With this golfing quip, Mr Macmillan left the press to chat with Mr Butler before entering his aircraft.

Two and a half hours before his plane was due to take off, Mr Macmillan was received by Queen Elizabeth in audience at Buckingham Palace.—Reuter.

## ANGLO-AMERICAN FLAGS FLY IN WELCOME

Hamilton, Mar. 19. The Union Jack and Stars and Stripes fluttered from many houses here today on the eve of the arrival of President Eisenhower and Mr Harold Macmillan.

A 21-gun salute will greet Mr Eisenhower as he steps ashore here tomorrow from the cruiser Canberra for his talks on world affairs with the British Prime Minister.

Mr Macmillan and his Foreign Secretary, Mr Selwyn Lloyd, are due later. They will drive to Albuys Point, in a corner of Hamilton harbour, to greet the President.

### THIRD IN SERIES

Mr John Foster Dulles, United States Secretary of State, will arrive by air two hours later than originally anticipated.

This is the third in a series of recent conferences held by Mr Eisenhower with other Western leaders. Recently he has welcomed to Washington Mr Guy Mollet, the French Prime Minister, and Dr Heinrich von Brentano, the West German Foreign Minister.

United States officials said that the talks with Mr Macmillan would be a culminating point in the President's attempt to restore confidence in the Western alliance, which was split when the United States opposed Anglo-French intervention in Egypt.

## NO BAN ON HK GLOVES

London, Mar. 19. The President of the British Board of Trade, Sir David Eccles, has decided not to restrict imports of knitted and fabric gloves from Hongkong, the National Association of Glove Manufacturers announced today.

Sir David in a letter had told them: "Hongkong is a colony and we do not impose a protective tariff upon imports from one of Her Majesty's colonies."

"Still less could we consider departing from the long standing policy not to impose quota restrictions in order to protect a United Kingdom industry from colonial competition," he added.

Mr John Peyton, Conservative member of Parliament for Yeovil, whose constituency includes a large section of the glove-making industry, stated today that he considered the letter "unsatisfactory."

Imports of knitted gloves have soared in the past two years and now greatly exceed the total British production, according to the Association.—Reuter.

### And In America

## No Evasion Of Quota By Japanese

Washington, Mar. 19. Cotton goods made in Hongkong from Japanese fabric and shipped to the United States are not considered an evasion of Japan's voluntarily imposed export quota on apparel and other cotton items, the Commerce Department disclosed today.

Mr Harold McClellan, Assistant Secretary of Commerce for International Affairs, said the Department had investigated a number of reports that shirts, gloves and other goods were being made in Hongkong of Japanese fabric and being exported to the United States to evade the quota.

He said the Department had found the Japanese were not violating the agreement to restrict their cotton exports to the United States. He pointed out that, since the finished goods were produced in Hongkong, that was the country of origin, not Japan.—United Press.

## 19 THOUGHT DEAD IN AIR CRASH

La Paz, Mar. 19. Nineteen people were today believed to have been killed when a DC-3 Bolivian commercial airlines plane crashed in the mountains between Chicham and Oruro over the weekend. The plane was carrying 18 passengers and three crew members. The crew of a search plane sighted the burned out debris of the aircraft and reported they saw no signs of life.—France-Press.

Algiers, Mar. 19. A military tribunal today sentenced to death four Algerians for planting two time bombs at two city football stadiums on February 10 which killed 18 persons and wounded 80 others. Three persons were acquitted.—United Press.

## RED DISARMAMENT SHIFT? May Tolerate Troops In West Germany

London, Mar. 19. Russia's newest disarmament blueprint has indicated Soviet willingness to tolerate American and British troops in West Germany after years of opposition, Western sources said today.

Immediate abandonment of "all foreign bases" has been a key point to Soviet disarmament proposals in past years, but the text of the Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister's address to the UN Disarmament Subcommittee yesterday indicated a possible shift.

In one section, Western experts said, he repeated the call to both East and West to relinquish foreign bases—a call which the West has always interpreted as a demand for US withdrawal from Europe.

## ESCAPEE ASKS FOR MEAL

London, Mar. 19. A prisoner who escaped from Dartmoor, gave himself up to an English housewife, the wife of a colonel, today.

Harper G. Woodward, who escaped from Dartmoor several days ago, rang the doorbell of Mrs Joan Phayre this morning. He said he was the criminal the police were hunting, adding that he was dying of hunger and wished to give himself up.

Mrs Phayre called her son, an artillery major, who watched Woodward while his mother telephoned to the police. Before they arrived, the hungry prisoner ate a hearty breakfast prepared by his hostess.

Woodward's cell-mate, N. Ellis, who escaped with him at the same time, was recaptured on Sunday not far from Colonel Phayre's home.—France-Press.

But in another section he proposed that in the second year of the proposed Soviet armaments-cutting system the Big Four powers should make further reductions in their troops stationed with NATO and the Warsaw Pact Red NATO.

### Inconsistent?

Either the Deputy Minister—Mr Valerian Zorin—was being inconsistent or he was hinting at acceptance of a continued NATO troop presence in West Germany, one official said.

The official said that in the latter case "Russia" apparently would be revising its definition of a "foreign base" to include installations only in countries outside existing defence alliances such as NATO.

Western delegates formed this hopeful interpretation.—United Press.

## Power Plant Explosion

Tacoma, Mar. 19. An explosion rocked the Columbia power plant at Frederickson, south of here this afternoon. The Pierce County coroner's office said positively there were four persons killed in the blast.

A witness who flew over the area reported the buildings of the plant were completely demolished. First reports from the scene said that the four victims were blown to bits and none was immediately identified. There was no immediate report of additional injuries.—United Press.

## PALESTINE ARMY TO RETURN

Cairo, Mar. 19. Preparations are underway for the return into the Gaza zone of the "Palestine Army", formed of Palestine Arab refugees, informed quarters in Cairo stated today.

The decision to send the Palestine army back into Gaza formed part of the Egyptian Government's programme to restore the conditions that existed in that territory before the Israeli attack last October, the same quarters said.

No action would be taken before Hammarskjöld's visit so as not to embarrass the Secretary-General in his talks with the Egyptian President, Gamal Abdel Nasser.—France-Press.

## Swam Over 200 Miles

Buenos Aires, Mar. 19. Antonio Abertondo, 33, struggled exhaustedly out of the River Parana here today after swimming the 203 nautical miles (about 240 miles) downstream from Rosario City in 81 hours.

A cheering crowd of 10,000 welcomed him as he staggered onto dry land, kissed his waiting wife and went to rest in the riverside police station.

Abertondo—known as "the bull of the Parana River"—the first man to swim from city-to-city, succeeded after 10 failures, the last just a fortnight ago.—China Mail Special.

London, Mar. 19. A Labour member, Mr William Warbey, asked in the House of Commons today what plans the Government had for arming the British forces in Southeast Asia with nuclear weapons.

Mr Duncan Sandys, Minister of Defence, replied: "I have no statement to make on this subject."—Reuter.

## DEATH PENALTY BILL PASSED

London, Mar. 19. A GOVERNMENT bill to re-introduce the death penalty in Britain to types of murder likely to endanger public order was passed by the House of Lords tonight.

As it has already been passed by the House of Commons, it now only requires the formal Royal signature to become law. The types of murder which will still carry the death penalty

## Ben-Gurion Warns Nasser

New York, Mar. 19. Newsweek magazine today published an interview with Mr David Ben-Gurion, Israeli Prime Minister, in which he is quoted as saying that "if (President) Nasser tries to block our historic and legal passage into the Gulf of Aqaba we will meet him not at a peace table, but elsewhere with our armies."

Mr Ben-Gurion gave the interview to Newsweek's correspondent in Tel Aviv on Saturday.

The correspondent, Curtis Pepper, quoted Mr Ben-Gurion as saying he would prefer "to sit down with leaders of the Arab world and work out a settlement that would end the unrelenting eye-for-an-eye, tooth-for-a-tooth Middle Eastern struggle."

But he saw little chance of that happening, the report added. "Nasser is irrevocably dedicated to the destruction of Israel," he said.—Reuter.

## Gun Battle

Tel Aviv, Mar. 19. An Israeli army spokesman said tonight that an Israeli patrol and a band of armed Jordanians had fought a one-hour gun battle earlier today.

The spokesman said the gun battle occurred in the Mount Hebron area, south of Jerusalem. There were no Israeli casualties.

He said the Jordanians had crossed into Israeli territory near El-Yatir leading a herd of cattle.

The Israeli patrol attempted to drive the herd off Israeli soil and came under Jordanian fire.—Reuter.

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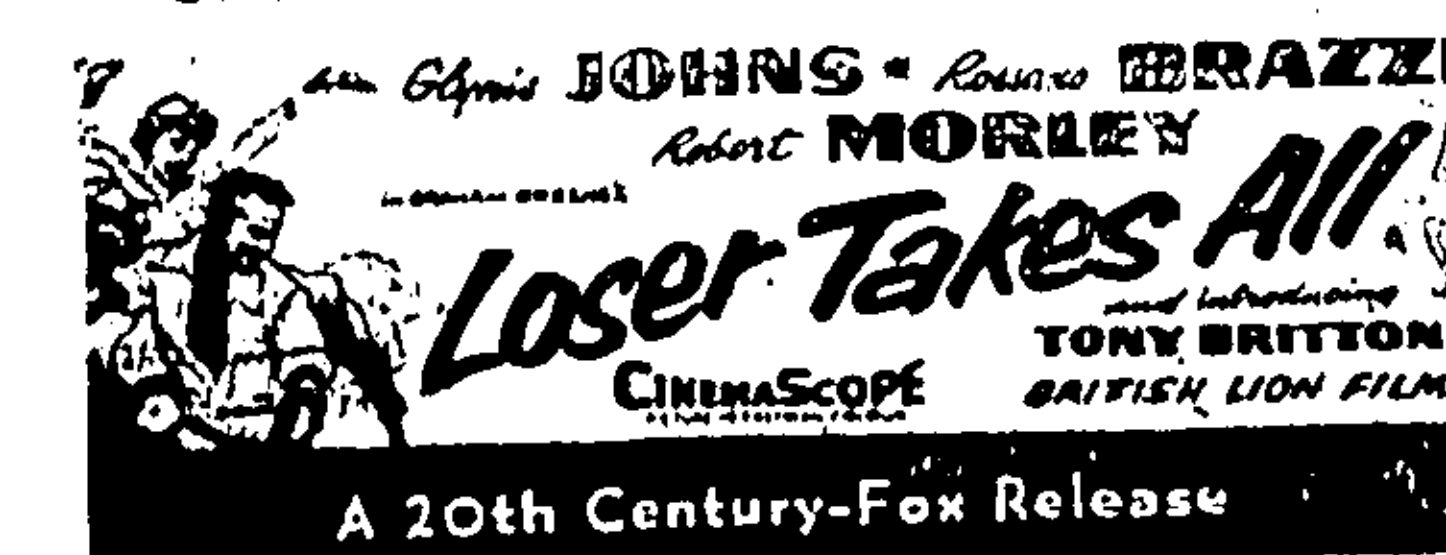
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## 1,000 Love Letters Helped Pauper Become A Prince



## HE GETS A SHARE OF CAROL'S FORTUNE

London, Mar. 20.  
One thousand love letters from King Carol of Rumania to his first wife "Zizi" helped the son of that marriage, a 37-year-old refugee, to win the title of Prince — and a fortune running into several hundred thousand pounds.

## —And A Flashback—



King Carol, at Bermuda, on his way to exile in Cuba.

## YES, A WONDERFUL RESPONSE

Singapore, Mar. 19.  
Group Captain Leonard Cheah, V. C., the British war-time bomber pilot and peace-time charity worker, said today there has been a "wonderful response" to his plan to build a home for the incurably sick in Singapore.

Group Captain Cheah told reporters before he flew to Bombay that the people of Singapore are among the most charity-minded in Asia.

A villa for this island Colony's first Cheah home has already been made available.—Reuter.

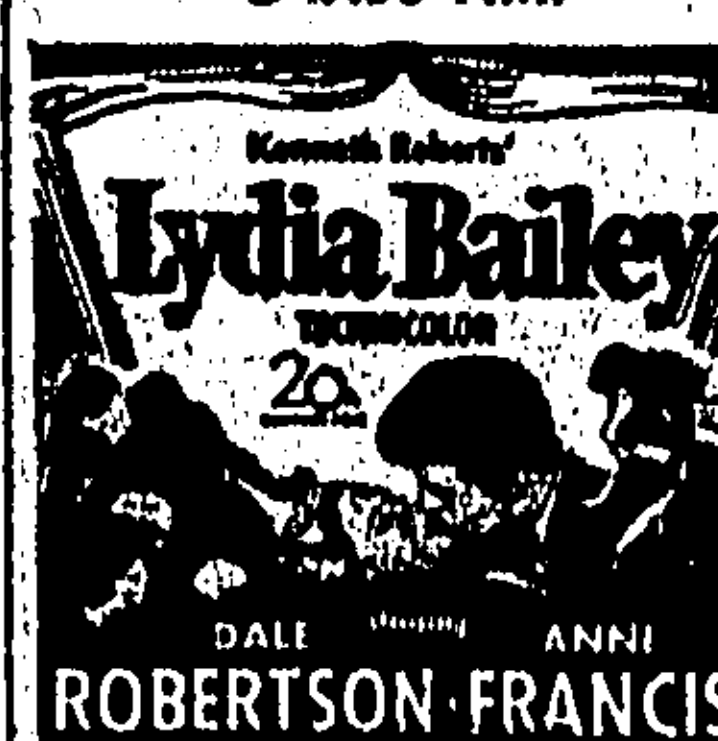
## Arms Talks

London, Mar. 19.  
The United Nations Disarmament Subcommittee, meeting today to decide on future procedure, adopted a Soviet proposal to begin tomorrow with a general discussion on disarmament problems.—France-Press.

## EMPIRE

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## Why Did Ben-Gurion Change His Mind?

Washington, Mar. 19.

What made Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion of Israel give in three weeks ago to demands that Israeli forces quit the Gaza and Gulf of Aqaba areas, a decision he is said to have regretted soon after.

Was it fear of economic sanctions? A realization that Israel could not stand up against the world? A decision to yield in the hope that Israel's security claims will get a more sympathetic hearing from the U.S. in the future?

According to one story going the rounds in diplomatic circles here, it was none of these nor a combination of them. If this version is correct—and only Ben-Gurion can know—the real reason was the Israeli politician's extraordinary personal faith in President Eisenhower, dating back to a conversation he had with him in Germany in 1946.

## A PLEA

They were being offered occupations and land to fill. Everything possible was being done to reintegrate them into German life. Instead the Jewish DP's were indulging in black-market trading, and other forms of lawlessness. Ben-Gurion went to Germany from Israel to plead with Eisenhower on their behalf. He had prepared a little speech, pointing out that the European Jews had gone through horror, that six million of their kind had been exterminated, that many of the younger people had spent half their lives in concentration camps—that, in short, their only hope lay in a new life in Israel.

Ben-Gurion began his plea but had not gone very far when Eisenhower broke him off, saying that he was labouring his point.

## DUMBFOUNDED

General Eisenhower, according to the story, said that if he were one of those DP's he would behave exactly the same way—and went on to speak of the plight of the Jewish DP's with such understanding and compassion that Ben-Gurion was dumbfounded.

Those who placed credence in this version said that Ben-Gurion remained half-hearted about the assurances offered by Secretary of State Mr. Dulles in return for an Israeli withdrawal, and at one critical point may have even taken back his withdrawal promise—but that when he received a personal appeal from President Eisenhower on March 2 his reservations were swept away.—United Press.

## Lure For Chinese Students

Singapore, Mar. 19.  
Communist China is offering a tempting proposition to Indonesian Chinese students in an attempt to persuade them to take their higher studies in China, an official source said today.

The source said Communist China was offering three-year scholarships to Indonesian Chinese students in addition to first class passage to and from China, provided the students could obtain permission to return to Indonesia after their education.

Communist China had recently spent \$320,000 on first class passages for 68 Indonesian Chinese students from Singapore to Hongkong aboard an Italian luxury liner.

Some 3,400 Chinese students have applied for Ye-entry visas to Jakarta and were awaiting their turn to leave for Communist China, it was stated.

The Communists had decided to divert their attention to Indonesian Chinese students after failing in their attempt to lure Malayan Chinese students in sufficiently large numbers, said the source.—France-Press.

## Whaling Talks

Oslo, Mar. 20.  
Representatives of Britain, Holland, Norway, and Japan meet today to discuss Norway's proposal that neutral observers should be stationed on whaling expeditions in the Antarctic.

Norway's proposal is intended as an effective guarantee against illegal whaling—China Mail Special.

## ANTARCTIC REFRIGERATOR Cheese Is Still Edible After 45 Years 'On Ice'

The Hague, Mar. 19.

A piece of Edam cheese, returned to its native Netherlands today after having spent 45 years in the Antarctic, a bit old but perfectly edible.

The cheese, which had been taken to the Antarctic by the Shackleton and Scott expedition in 1912, and left in a supply base, was recently discovered by explorers.—France-Press.

## QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M. 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

## SHOWING TO-DAY

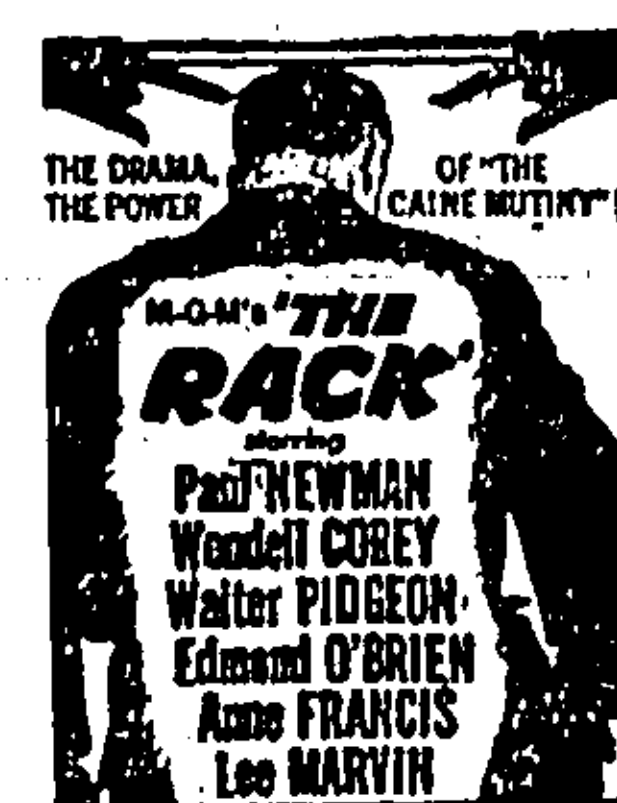


NEXT CHANGE ! WB presents William Holden in "BRINK OF HELL" — WarnerScope —

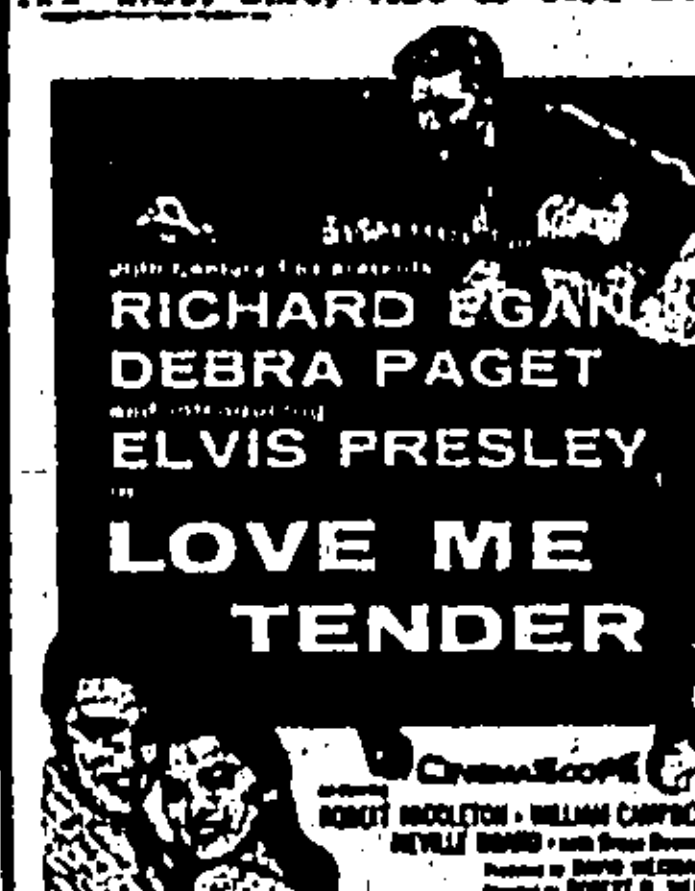
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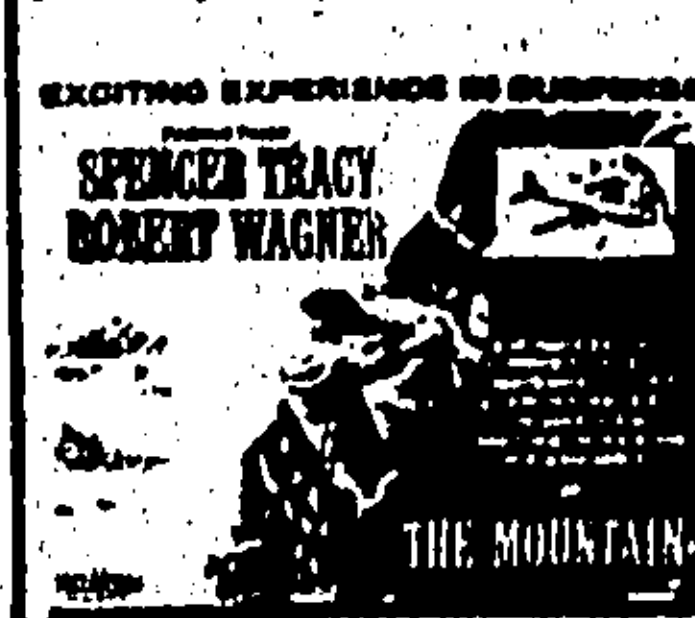
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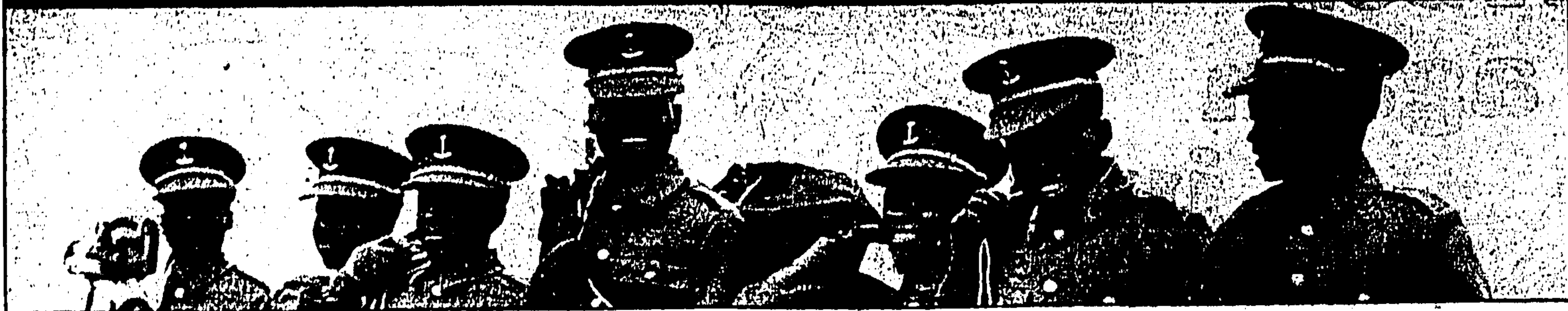
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"THE ANIMAL WORLD" In Technicolor





# THEY'RE HAPPY TO BE IN THE ARMY



## IKE TO ASK FOR BIG STAND-BY FUND

### \$400 Million Demand May Be Put Before Congress

Washington, Mar. 19.

President Eisenhower plans to ask Congress for a special foreign aid fund of about \$400 million for emergency projects.

## BRITISH FIRM SHARES ATOMIC PLANT CONTRACT

London, Mar. 19.

A British and an American company announced today that they will build the world's first "boiling water-type" nuclear power plant for a German power company (Rheinische-Westfälische Elektrizitätswerke) on the River Rhine.

Britain's Mitchell Engineering, Ltd., said it will construct the £1,750,000 plant in co-operation with a subsidiary of the American Machine and Foundry Corp. of New York. The site is expected to be between Düsseldorf and Cologne.

A spokesman for Mitchell said the plant will develop 15 megawatts of electric power. Construction is to begin in July with completion scheduled for the second half of 1959.

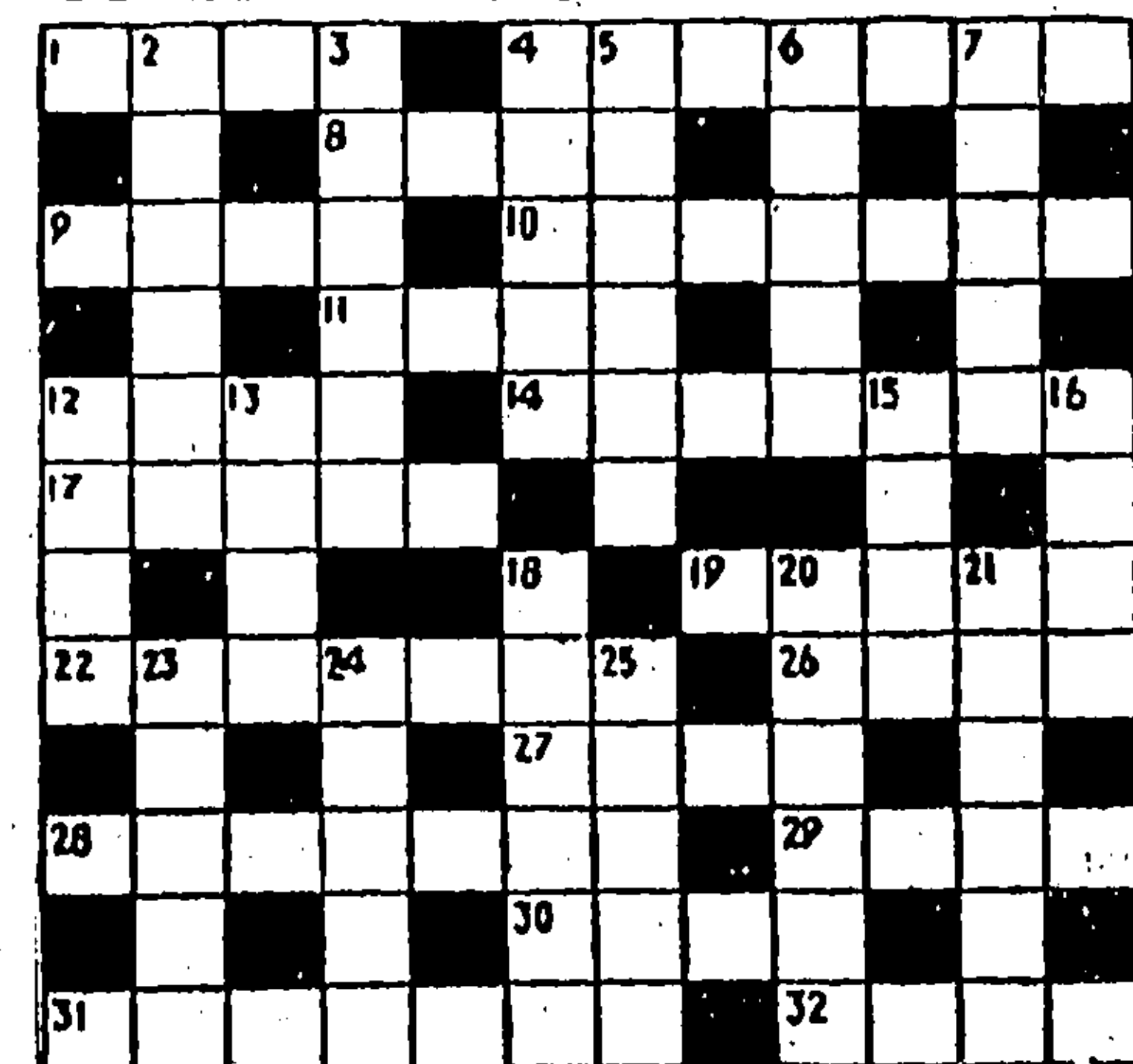
### URANIUM SUPPLY

This will make West Germany the world's third nation with full-size atomic power plants. Britain already has one in operation and seven under consideration. The first American plant is due for completion by 1958.

A.M.F. Atomic, Inc., a subsidiary of American Machine and Foundry, will supply the uranium for the submerged-core type reactor.

Presumably the fuel will come from the American Atomic Energy Commission under President Eisenhower's atom-for-peace plan.—United Press.

### A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Fit of the shivers (4).
  - Pop the question (7).
  - Unrestricted (4).
  - The love of those fond of veal? (4).
  - Ghost (7).
  - Card stake (4).
  - Tale of heroism (4).
  - Banger (7).
  - Flower (5).
  - Solitary (5).
  - Mourner (7).
  - Grew old (4).
  - Repose (4).
  - Kind of prey (7).
  - Consumes (4).
  - Dash (4).
  - Lucky charms (7).
  - Fastened (4).
- DOWN**
- Clutches (6).
  - Oblique (6).
  - Nuisances (5).
  - Say again (6).
  - Makes one's choice of tools (5).
  - Seton (5).
  - Nobleman (4).
  - Detail (4).
  - Eager (4).
  - Surveyed (4).
  - Thoroughfare (6).
  - Hidden (6).
  - Cuddle up (6).
  - Abreast (5).
  - Laud (5).
  - Disposes of (5).

**TUESDAY'S CROSSWORD.**—Across: 1 Repeat, 5 Robot, 8 Viper, 9 Muslim, 10 Cider, 11 Dives, 12 Need, 13 Doses, 16 Sorrows, 18 Byades, 20 Ended, 22 Paul, 23 Edges, 25 Stars, 26 Rubbed, 27 Enter, 28 Sheds, 29 Defend, Down: 1 Ruminating, 2 Postured, 3 Avid, 4 Limited, 6 Recedes, 8 Orison, 7 O.B.P., 9 Separate, 10 Secluded, 16 Eudemia, 17 Reversed, 19 Veered, 21 Notch, 24 Sire.

## Hungarian Delegation Going To Moscow

Budapest, Mar. 20.

The Hungarian Government last night announced that an eight-man delegation led by the Prime Minister Janos Kadar, will leave for Moscow today "to start negotiations with the Soviet Communist Party and Government."

It was believed in Western diplomatic circles that the talks would follow the lines of other recent "solidarity" meetings between Soviet Communist leaders and party chiefs from East European countries.

### Economic Aid

Observers said they expected the discussions would produce an agreement on Russian long-term economic aid and a formula for retaining Soviet troops in Hungary.

Soviet-Hungarian trade talks have been going on for several weeks in Budapest and Moscow.—China Mail Special.

## Tai Ping Cannons Found

London, Mar. 19.

Three 100-year-old cannons have been discovered in Anhwei province, according to the New China News Agency today. They belonged to the period of the Tai Ping revolution.

One of the three cannons weighed 361 kg. and bore the inscription "Tai Ping sacred cannon," as well as the year, 1853, and the place, Anhwei province, where the three cannons were made.—Reuter.

## Hungary To Celebrate

Budapest, Mar. 19.

The 38th anniversary of the 1919 Bela Kun revolution will be officially celebrated in Hungary next Thursday. It was announced here today. Kun was a leading Hungarian Communist.—France-Press.

## JAPAN'S ALARMING INCIDENCE OF MENTAL DISORDERS

By BRIAN KENNEDY

One in every 70 Japanese suffers from some kind of mental disorder, according to estimates quoted in a Japanese Ministry of Welfare white paper.

About 1,300,000 Japanese are considered psychotic, it says, and in need of immediate medical treatment. About 450,000 suffer from such mental diseases as split personality, epilepsy and disorders caused by venereal disease.

A total of 550,000 persons are classified as weak-minded and another 270,000 persons suffer from intoxicative alienation and other minor mental disorders.

A Ministry of Health spokesman, commenting on the white paper, said the number of mental institutions in Japan was totally inadequate.

He complained that many qualified psychiatrists prefer to set up private practices in the large cities, said he declared, "waste their talents on non-existent neuroses among wealthy patients."

Only 200 mental institutions in Japan, he added, could be considered qualified to treat mental patients. These have 37,044 beds and were adequately staffed with modern equipment and trained attendants.

In addition, some general hospitals maintained mental wards, but the number of beds available from this source did not exceed 8,000.

An official of the Ministry of Justice said that more than 40,000 persons have been confined to mental asylums by law since 1950. But many families were reluctant to place mentally damaged relatives in an institution since such a step is bound to cast some reflection on the family.

Yes! Smiling and happy are these seven Nigerian and Ghanaian recruits at the British Army Apprentices' School at Harrogate. They are aged 15 to 17 and are the second intake of boys from Africa to go to the school. There are 40 Burmese boys there too.—C.O.I. Photo.

## America Needs Army That Is 'Harder-hitting'

Washington, Mar. 19.

The Association of the U.S. Army today attacked the Defence Secretary, Mr. Charles Wilson, for his guided missiles policies and called for a "harder hitting" Army as essential to American security.

The Association is composed of Army veterans and other supporters and includes regular Army personnel as non-voting members. Its president is John Slezak, former Army Undersecretary.

The Association set forth its views in a 30-page document entitled "The Security of the Nation—a Study of Current Problems of National Defence." The document called for elimination of Mr. Wilson's controversial ban on Army development of ballistic missiles with a range of more than 200 miles. It also challenged restrictions Mr. Wilson has placed on the size of aeroplanes which the Army can use.

### CHALLENGE

Challenging current U.S. strategic concepts, the Association said that "massive retaliation" was no longer the "official policy of our country" but the Defence Department nonetheless still put major reliance on air-atomic forces.

"The Association of the U.S. Army supports strongly the view that we require a much greater capability for measured retaliation, a flexibility that will permit us selectively to apply force appropriate to the situation or in a word to make the punishment fit the crime," said the document.

It said that in view of the greater likelihood of small wars than large ones, the United States "cannot rely preponderantly on nuclear weapons as the basic means of exerting our military power."

It said the Middle East, Western Europe, Greece, Turkey and other areas around Russia were trouble spots where little wars could break out and nuclear weapons would be impracticable.—United Press.

## Papers Dearer

New York, Mar. 19.

Hearst's New York Journal American became the second of the city's afternoon newspapers today to increase its price to 10 cents a copy. The World-Telegram brought its price to 10 cents from the former five cents yesterday.—United Press.

## 'ONE OF THE GREAT WOMEN Of The Century'

Singapore, Mar. 19.

American scholar Miss Valerie Smith, who has been on Formosa gathering material for a book, said today Madame Chiang Kai-shek is one of this century's great women.

Miss Smith, a Fulbright lecturer in Geography at the Peshawar University in Pakistan, said Madame Chiang's belief that women should devote time to welfare and social work is an "inspiration for women of other lands."

Miss Smith leaves Singapore on Thursday for Chicago.—Reuter.

## UN Quest Is Peace In Mideast

Washington, Mar. 19.

The Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Francis Wilcox, said today the United States was still seeking through the United Nations the basis for a just and lasting peace in the Middle East.

Mr. Wilcox said the UN was "the best hope we have for peace with justice" and added that it was sound common sense to make this the cornerstone for a sound creative foreign policy.

He was addressing the National Council of Jewish Women in the United States.

He said that results already achieved by the United Nations in the Middle East were encouraging, considering the circumstances. But he warned that the road ahead was long and difficult.

### BASIC PROBLEM

He said the United Nations had succeeded in bringing about a cease-fire, and the withdrawal of armed forces from the area, and that the clearance of the Suez Canal is in sight.

It remained to find a solution of the basic problems which gave rise to the present crisis, Mr. Wilcox said.

He added that there would be no lasting peace in the Middle East until the problems of the Israeli-Arab frontiers, refugees, and the development of natural resources in the area were settled.—France-Press.

## Royal Pardon

Tokyo, Mar. 19.

The Shari today granted a royal pardon to 110 former officers convicted of membership in the illegal Tsuchi Party organization.

All have had their sentences remitted and are scheduled to be released on March 20.—United Press.

## IKE SEES HOW A-BOMB WILL BE DROPPED

ON BOARD THE U.S.S. WILLIAM S. WOOD, MAR. 18.

President Eisenhower today came under a mock atom bomb attack while watching a 20-minute firing exercise by Jet Furies and Banshees and conventional Skyraider fighters.

The President, on his way to Bermuda for his conference with Mr. Harold Macmillan, the British Prime Minister, saw the attack being made on the Canberra, a guided missile cruiser which has been the "floating White House" since Thursday night.

During the exercise, the "over the shoulder" bombing technique—used for A-bomb attacks—was demonstrated. The plane makes a fast low approach, then a sudden vertical ascent over the target, drops the bomb while the nose is still pointing upward, rolls over and away, and escapes the blast.

An official medical report from the Canberra said that the President's ear inflammation had cleared up completely and that he had no symptoms of a cold.

### Getting Better

The report by Major General Howard Snyder, the President's personal physician, added that "he does, however, have and will have, probably for some time, an occasional cough, although it is improving each day."

Mr. James Hagerly, the presidential press secretary, added "his physical condition is excellent. The cruise has done him a lot of good."—Reuter.

## Nehru Wins More Seats In Elections

Bombay, Mar. 19.

The ruling Indian Congress today won a further 20 seats in the House of the People (lower house of Parliament) raising its total to 242—just nine short of the number required for an absolute majority.

So far only 318 of the 500 seats in the House have been declared; the other 70 are shared by the Communist Party and allies 20, Praja-Socialist party 12, Socialist party of India 6, other parties 22 and independents 10.

In the concurrent elections to the State Assemblies, the Congress party has won 1,073 of the 2,555 seats declared so far.

The strength of the other parties is: Communist party and allies 101, Praja-Socialist party 174, Socialist party of India 35, the rightist Jan Sangh 44, the rightist Ganatantra Parishad 46, other splinter parties 187, independents 245.—Reuter.

## French Warn

Tunis, Mar. 19.

The French Embassy in Tunis today warned the Tunisian Government that the French delegation would not attend the celebrations marking Tunisia's first year of independence if top-ranking Algerian rebel leader, Ferhat Abbas, was among the official guests.—France-Press.

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# "Dev"—rides again in Dublin



EAMON DE VALERA—on Irish Institution

DE VALERA is an institution rather than a man: At 74, his body must struggle to keep up with his mind and his eyesight has faded.

Gaunt and austere he tramps through the countryside in a black coat, almost black tie, a black hat and a stiff gleaming white collar. He looks like an apparition from the long dead past.

Sometimes, too, he talks like one. He lectures the farmers in gentle but firm tones, reminding them of the great dream that was to be Ireland, urging that it is the things of the spirit that matter. It was for the spirit that he stood at the barricades in the uprising that became a massacre in 1916.

by  
**Les Armour**

## Shy Scotsmen's Courting Club

SO many teenagers in Dundee, Scotland, want to learn about sex and marriage that a "courting couples' club" is being formed in the city. Behind the plan is Mrs. Mhairi Lane, a housewife who is organising secretary of girls and mixed clubs in the Dundee area.

The "courting club" will be the first of its kind in Scotland. Says Mrs. Lane: "The new club will answer the questions of older boys and girls who have reached the stage of 'going steady'."

"They tend to drift away from their own youth clubs because they can't be

bothered any more with a noisy mass of teenagers.

"But they need to be told about sex."

Mrs. Lane talked about the club with a group of Dundee. A questionnaire sent round her clubs recently showed that the subjects which interested the youngsters most of all were sex education and marriage and family relations. Yet, when the local marriage council started a course this year for engaged couples, only one boy and girl turned up.

Mrs. Lane, who is a marriage guidance councillor, said: "It seems that the couples are put off by the seeming formality of the council courses—so we're going to make this new club an informal affair."

"We'll give talks on home decorating, running repairs,

budgeting and that sort of thing—but the main business will be discussions on sex led by marriage guidance councillors."

The club will aim to help young couples between 16 and 22—the age group of early marriages which come unstuck soonest."

Said Mrs. Lane: "One of the boys in my club got married a month ago just after his 17th birthday. There's another 17-year-old wedding coming off soon."

"Many youngsters are just not fitted for marriage at that age. But so long as they persist in getting married, we want to try to help them make a go of it."

ERIC SEWELL

He believed then—and he believes now—that given the things of the spirit, the rest will take care of itself.

He wanted the Irish to regain their self-respect, their courage—and their language. It was for these that he fought the British.

Other men have sometimes lost faith. Some wonder whether the improvement of the spirit can really cure chronic unemployment and stop continuing mass emigration.

De Valera is patient. He is a mathematician by profession and the mathematician's world is the world of eternity and infinity. He can wait. Ireland will win.

### FIANNA FAIL

A surprisingly steady proportion of the voters has always agreed with him.

His party, Fianna Fail, has always been the largest single party in the Dail even though a coalition of "legalists" formed the government from 1948 until 1951 and again from 1951 until this month.

He has seen 10 Irish elections come and go in the 25 years since the more or less final settlement with Britain,

and for 19 of those years he has served as Prime Minister.

All this is strange. For de Valera is not any man's idea of a politician, let alone an Irishman's. He is not even, by ordinary reckoning, an Irishman.

His father was a Spaniard and he was born in New York on Manhattan Island. His mother was Irish and she brought him to Ireland at the age of two after the death of his father.

He was a serious, intent, determined youth, and he laboured steadily and with regular distinction through the Roman Catholic Schools and the National University of Ireland. In the end, he stayed at the National University as a lecturer in mathematics.

Through his scholar's interest in the Irish language he became interested in the nationalist movement and in the Sinn Fein organisation (founded, curiously, by a man with the good Welsh name of Arthur Griffiths in 1905).

He joined the underground army. But he was never thoroughly trusted by its leaders. He was too detached, too scholarly, too unemotional.

In the uprising of 1916 he was appointed Commandant of a detachment. His detachment was the last to surrender and it disposed of more British troops than any other.

When it was over, de Valera was the senior surviving officer. He was also under sentence of death.

That was commuted to life imprisonment and the imprisonment lasted only a year—until the general amnesty of 1917.

Two years later he was back in gaol. The gaol, however, was not noted for its efficiency and he managed not only to escape but to get to America where he was given a hero's welcome.

## EIRE—ROMANCE AND REALITY

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He came back loaded with money for the cause. He had served his apprenticeship and was now, at last, to be trusted and followed.

In 1921, terms for a settlement were agreed upon and the Irish Free State began its existence within the Commonwealth. De Valera was having none of it however. He demanded absolute independence with no strings.

As a result he was arrested by Free State troops and spent 11 months more in gaol. By the time he emerged, the settlement had become clearer and Ireland was beginning to shape itself as an independent country. For five years, from 1927 to 1932, he led the Opposition in the Free State parliament.

### PRIME MINISTER

In 1932, he became Prime Minister. The battle had been won. He negotiated, successfully, the abolition of the British Governor-General, the oath of allegiance to the King, and the remaining British treaty rights over Irish ports.

All that remained under British rule was Ulster—the perennial thorn festering continuously in the minds of the extremists who, even now, threaten always to upset the order of the Republic.

Yet de Valera was not always desperately unhappy about

Ulster. The separation of the six "non-Irish" counties assisted his campaign for the Irish language and that, to him, has always come at the top of the list of objectives.

Nor has he always seen Britain as the only possible tyrant. He has more than once been at odds with the Church—though he himself is a devout Roman Catholic.

With calculated purpose, he appointed a Protestant, Dr. Hyde, to be the first President when Eire became a republic in 1937 and left the Commonwealth. And he has regularly appointed a proportion of Protestants to judgeships and in the higher ranks of the Civil Service.

At the time of the Abyssinian crisis he insisted on sanctions against Italy, against the strong opposition of the Church, and he demanded non-interference in the Spanish Civil War over even stronger opposition.

The war overlooked the new republic within a year of the final negotiations with Britain and de Valera promptly declared Ireland neutral. The decision, either way, was bound to split the country—and badly.

But de Valera took it in the light of his own principles. He had been President of the Assembly of the League of Nations in 1938—the last year, as it turned out, in which the League was more than a fiction.

and the year in which it was rudely thrust aside by all the great powers. He believed that the League had been betrayed on all sides and that the parties to the dispute must reap the consequences.

In retrospect, de Valera's neutralism must seem Quixotic or merely opportunist. The difference between good and evil can hardly ever have been drawn more clearly on the pages of history and no Irishman can really have doubted where evil lay.

### LAST CHANCE

Postwar Ireland has twice shown a marked distaste for the politics of eternity and twice de Valera has been out of office.

Now it has shown a distaste for the confusions of an ineffective coalition.

The government has changed because the Irish are tired of unemployment, bad housing, bad plumbing, backward agriculture and unhelpful political class.

The Old Man is being given a new chance. Unless he really is an institution and not just a man, this must be his last chance.

And this time he must produce the things of the stomach as well as the things of the spirit, or be repudiated again. It is not certain that he can do it.

# NATHANIEL CUBBINS

A MIND-READING camera, invented by an N.C.O. of the RAF, can photograph your secret thoughts and record them to be studied at leisure.

After which it won't be long before our true opinions about others will be revealed instantly, giving the lie to the spoken word and becoming a terror to all flatterers and sycophants.

So we are now taking you over to a City office of the future.

Mr. A, the managing director, is discussing a business development scheme with Mr. B, who has risen from office-boy to the position of company secretary by the easy methods of the "yes" man. Mr. B is not aware of the thought-reading machine under Mr. A's desk.

"Well, Mr. B," says Mr. A, "what is your honest opinion of my new idea?"

"I think it's terrific, sir. It has even more vision than all your other brilliant ideas which have put us ahead of our competition."

"You don't by any chance think my idea is bunk and that I'm a bumbling old fool, do you, B?"

"Oh, sir? Really, sir?"

"Or that I ought to retire and make way for a bright young man like yourself?"

"Such a thought never entered my head, sir."

"Oh, yes, sir. Mr. B, I will let you into a secret. I have a machine here which records your thoughts. At this moment you are thinking I am ugly, overbearing, stupid, vain, and pompous. You are very red in the face, Mr. B."

"Am I, sir?"

"You are also thinking, how Africa's chance of squaring the can I wriggle out of this sticky rubber."

tion? Is the old rhyme bluffing or is there a spy in the office? What do you think of my daughter, Mr. B?"

"I think, sir, she's the loveliest and most intelligent girl I have ever met."

"No, you don't, Mr. B. You think she's a hideous, ungainly, flat-footed, long-deaf moron who goes to concerts because she fancies herself as an intellectual. But you are quite willing to marry her and inherit my money. To say nothing of sponging on me in my vulgar house in Surrey."

"Anything else, sir?"

"Yes, Mr. B. I could have forgiven you. If you had not secretly thought that my wife is a pampered hypochondriac and half mad alcoholic who looks like an overdressed, diamond-studded washerwoman. For that you are fired, Mr. B."

### Well played, ma'am

ONLY the eagle eye of your Uncle Nat has noticed a growing similarity of cricket to the annual pancake race between 12 women of Olney, Bucks, Eng., and 12 women of Liberal, Kansas, U.S.

For instance, it is reported that the withdrawal of Mrs. Nina Jordan, last year's winner for America, has considerably enhanced England's chances of victory.

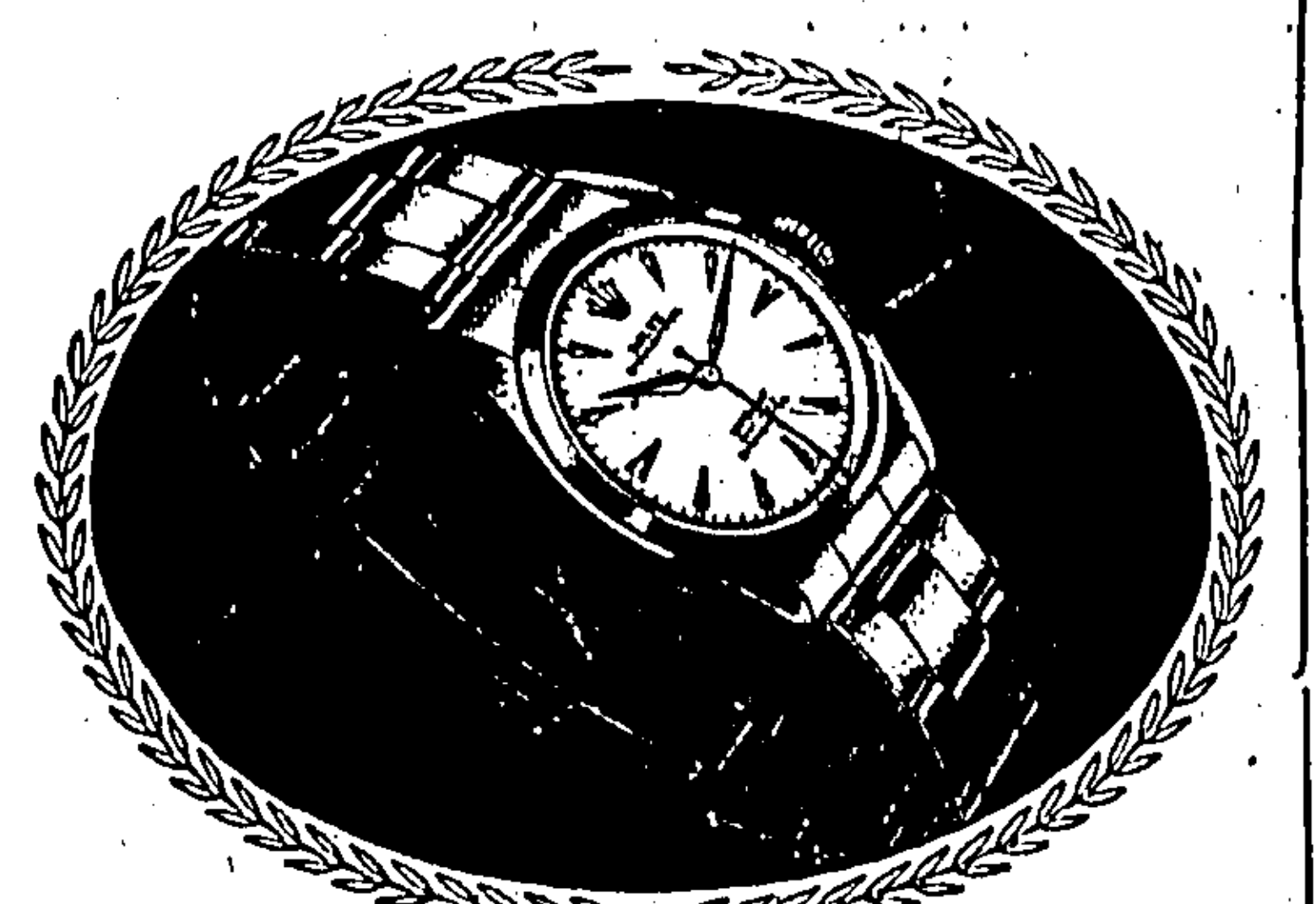
This is rather like saying that the withdrawal of Johnny Wardle, through injury, from England's last Test team considerably enhanced South Africa's chance of squaring the rubber.

But then pancake racing is not yet controlled by unbending autocracy. Perhaps one day there will be pancake laws, with umpires deciding if a pancake caught at the bottom of a pan is out, and if a girl dropping a frying-pan and falling over it is lb.p., or leg before pan.

Your Uncle can only look forward to pancake radio commentaries by Jim Swanton and John Aslett.

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**ROLEX**  
GENEVA - SWITZERLAND

## GHANA BEGINS TO FACE HER FREEDOM TROUBLES

"Senyo Antor . . . . God Is Good"

THERE is not much to laugh about in Ho Hoe today. Ghana troops crash about in armoured cars. The town is fenced by roadblocks. Outside in the villages people are afraid. Yet one man could steady their hearts and set their feet to dance again.

The man is Mr Senyo (which means "God is Good") Antor, a Methodist schoolteacher who is leader of the Togoland Congress.

I drove 250 miles from Accra on the trail of Antor, through steaming villages where the old ones lay like dead men in the shade of favoured trees, past the little shops with names like "Slow but Sure" and "Time will Tell." I had half a dozen narrow escapes from collision with the brutally driven country buses—trucks crammed with passengers and plastered with "Remember your six feet" (the slogan—"Let me go home, grave? Could I forget on these roads?"). "Save me, oh God."

Eventually I traced Antor to the house of one of his friends. Because of the great heat he sat naked to the waist, his African robe bunched round his legs like a skirt, a bulging britches wedged between his sandalled feet. We talked.

Antor, a lean 43 years, campaigned against the joining of the Trust Territory of British Togoland to the new state of Ghana. A plebiscite last year settled that. By \$2,000 to \$7,000 the territory chose to go in with Nkrumah.

But Antor carries on a militant agitation for a regional government in Southern Togoland, although the new Antor as distinctly funny. The

government has mistaken hunters' camps for training places of a secret army.

Antor discounts government statements about the secret camps. True, he is on the wish appeals for order. But he also says: "We are fighting against the constitution." In his friend's house, he says, "By bringing in the army the Accra

government has mistaken hunters' camps for training places of a secret army.

Antor discounts government statements about the secret camps. True, he is on the wish appeals for order. But he also says: "We are fighting against the constitution." In his friend's house, he says, "By bringing in the army the Accra

### John Redfern

HO HOE, TOGOLAND

Ghana constitution, accepted both by Prime Minister Nkrumah and the parliamentary opposition to which Antor belongs, rules that out.

During Independence Week there were serious incidents in two towns. Five persons were killed, 23 wounded and 160 arrested. The towns were invaded by groups of strangers who deployed in the bush when engaged by the police and showed steadiness under fire.

Independence was also "celebrated" by telephone line sabotage, by arson and road obstructions. Fortunately, Ghana soldiers had already been moved to reinforce the police—one company here, two at other places. Today there is constant patrolling and daily sweeps to locate young men believed to be training in isolated camps.

Ho ho! This strikes Mr. African's mouth like Hock. When

government has declared war on Southern Togoland.

While the village elders in places near Ho Hoe confabulate apprehensively and the young men make mighty cudgels—all guns have to be surrendered—Antor snarls:

"Once his gun has been handed in a man has no defence. This fight is not a Congress affair. It is national—and if the army stays here it will be civil war."

British officials consider the arrival of the army has steadied the situation, but some are concerned at the organisation and discipline shown by the "rebels" clashes with the police. They think things may be worse before they are better.

For the record, Ho Hoe is not pronounced the way you think. It sounds in any African's mouth like Hock.











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MR. JOHN ACKBER  
Assistant Manager

MR. PHOON HYIM  
Agency Superintendent

# EXPERIMENTAL SHIP

## Major Step In Development Of US Fleet Ballistic Missile

New York, Mar. 19.

A major step in the development of one of the United States navy's top priority projects, the Fleet Ballistic Missile, was taken with the commissioning in New York of an experimental navigational ship, the Compass Island.

The mission of the Compass Island is to assist in the development and evaluation of a navigational system independent of shore-based assistance. The key to the ship's ultimate, all-weather, all-attitude, day-and-night capability is its special navigational system, which is based on fundamental investigations and research performed for the United States navy by Dr. Charles Draper, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

The system determines ship position (latitude and longitude) true north, and the ship's speed. Refinements of the basic system and manufacture of the first units are being carried out by the Sperry Gyroscope Company.

### Celestial Trackers

To check and periodically correct the system, the Compass Island will take to sea several "celestial trackers", or miniature observatories. The trackers, when once pointed toward heavenly bodies, will automatically track these bodies, giving continuous celestial information for determining positions.

The miniature observatories are mounted on a platform navigational tower just forward of the ship's super-structure. This tower provides a rigid structure, isolated from flexures, to give fixed reference planes from which to make celestial computation.

A complex air foil-shaped dome has been appended to the bottom of the ship's hull to house special sonar equipment to measure the speed of the vessel. This huge dome is designed to make the reading of sonar echoes easier and more precise while the ship is moving.

### Missile Ships

The navigational system will not only help missile ships, but may also eventually help all types of ships, from ocean-going liners to the smallest motorboat. It may also bring about revolutionary changes in the field of cartography.

"Even after approximately ten centuries of development, the science of navigation is still insufficiently accurate for long range surface-to-surface missile launching and, as every mariner knows, present day maps and charts suffer from varying degrees of inaccuracy," stated an official announcement. "With the perfection of the new navigational techniques these maps and charts can be made extremely accurate."

The Compass Island, once a fast cargo ship named the Garden Mariner, will be one of the most comfortable riding ships in the United States Navy. It has the best automatic steering available, and a device for roll-stabilization. When its sister ships are rolling 15 degrees, Compass Island, in the same seaway, will roll about one degree and a half. The 17,000-ton vessel is 584 feet long and has been modernized to provide excellent living space for the crew. It also has space for a large number of scientists to work and live aboard.—China Mail Special.

### Meyer's Visit

Luxembourg, Mar. 19.  
Rene Meyer, President of the High Authority of the European coal and steel community, will visit the United States at the end of the month to follow personally the final negotiations concerning the floating of the community's \$35,000,000 loan to the American financial market. It was learned today. The coal and steel pool intends to float the loan in April.—France-Press.

## 'Offered Bribe For Official Secrets'

Washington, Mar. 19.

James Hoffa, "strong man" of the giant Teamsters Union, was indicted today on charges of conspiring to bribe an employee of the Senate labour Rackets Committee to slip him confidential Committee documents.

A Federal Grand Jury also indicted Hyman Fischbach, the Miami lawyer who allegedly was the link between the Teamsters' vice-president and the Committee also, a New York lawyer, John Cheasty. Cheasty co-operated with the Federal Bureau of Investigation in cracking the case.

Both Hoffa and Fischbach were accused in the three-count indictment of bribery, obstruction of justice and conspiracy to influence the Senate Committee and defraud the United States. If convicted, they would face maximum penalties ranging up to five years in prison and a fine three times the amount of the alleged bribe.—United Press.

## Newspapers To Be Prosecuted

Toronto, Mar. 19.

The Attorney-General of Ontario, Mr. John Roberts, announced today he was launching a prosecution against the Toronto Telegram, under the Lord's Day Act for publication of a newspaper last Sunday.

Mr. Roberts also told the Ontario legislature that he was consenting to prosecutions against Toronto's two other daily newspapers—the Morning Globe and Mail and the Evening Star—as well as the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and radio station CKEY.

The Act forbids the operation of certain business and sports on Sundays.—China Mail Special.

## Hungary Protests

Paris, Mar. 19.

Hungary, in a protest note to the United States, today charged that Hungarian citizens waiting to return home had been arrested by American plainclothes policemen as they left the Hungarian Legation in Washington, Radio Budapest reported.

The Hungarian protest note said that plainclothes policemen watching the Legation building, had arrested several persons during the last few weeks. "These facts constitute an intervention of American authorities in the diplomatic and consular activity of the Legation of the Peoples Republic of Hungary," the note said.

The note demanded that the American authorities end "these procedures contrary to international usage".—France-Press.



S'PORE CHIEF  
MINISTER

The Singapore Constitutional Conference opened this week in Lancaster House, London. The Conference resumes negotiations between Singapore and Britain's Colonial Office, to give the British Colony the status of an internally-governed state in the Commonwealth. Pictured is Mr. Lim Yew-hock, Chief Minister of Singapore, who is leading the All-Party Mission to the Singapore Constitutional Conference.—London Express Photo.

## Not Going Back To Israel Yet

Tel Aviv, Mar. 19.

The United States State Department has postponed the return to Israel of more than 150 wives and children of American diplomats, who were evacuated at the time of the Israeli campaign against Egypt. American informed sources disclosed tonight.

These sources said the wives and children were to have returned to Israel within the next few days, but their return was postponed in view of the present state of tension.—France-Press.

## British Musician And His Cricket Among Pianos

By HAIG NICHOLSON

Capetown, Mar. 19.

Being described as a musician on his passport has led white-bearded, British-born Anthony Collins, an authority on the composer Sibelius, into spots of trouble with immigration officials in various parts of the world.

"I am continually asked what instrument I play," he said on board the ship which brought him to take up a four-month appointment as guest conductor of Capetown Municipal Orchestra.

"When I say I play a violin, the officials want to describe me as a violinist. But that is not strictly correct for I also compose and conduct."

"When I tell them this, they want to put me down as a conductor, but that could mean that I sell tickets on a train or a bus!"

"Then they suggest that I be described as a composer. But for goodness sake, people might then think I set up type or something."

### SOCIAL SCALE

As he spoke light-heartedly, with a twinkle in his eye, he waved his breakfast fork.

"I am a musician pure and simple," he went on, "but my rise to fame as a musician has been climbing down the social scale. First I played, then I conducted, and now I compose."

He broke off talking about music quite suddenly and recalled his last visit to Capetown 46 years ago.

"You know what I remember best about Capetown?" he asked. "I played my first game of golf here—at the Metropolitan Course—and at the second I holed out in one."

Sixty-three years old, Mr. Collins has always had a keen

sense of humour. Born at Hastings, he became a violinist in a local orchestra at the age of ten.

### CRICKET

He left school at 14, and was apprenticed to a piano maker. But a life-time enthusiasm for cricket lost him his first job. Too many pianos were damaged by batting in the workshop.

Then he joined a travelling circus as a cornet player. "But," he recalls, "when I found that the job included cleaning out the stables I climbed off the band-wagon and ran back home."

So keen is his interest in cricket that he is to dedicate his next composition to the South African Test cricket team. This will be his tribute to the men who taught him the game—Aubrey Faulkner, the Spring-bok all-rounder who had a cricket school in Chelsea.

### START CAREER

He started his career seriously in 1910 as a violinist with Hastings Municipal Orchestra. The First World War took him to Salonika, where he met Gustav Holst and helped to organize concerts for his fellow-soldiers.

Later, he was principal viola with the London Symphony Orchestra, and by 1936 he had, at one time or another, played practically every instrument. He made his London debut as a conductor in 1939, and since 1939 he has lived mostly in the United States although he is still a British subject.

He is a staunch supporter of British music. He has written many songs, suites, overtures and other light works for orchestra and has done pianoforte arrangements for Schubert and Mozart. In London, he founded his own orchestra—the London Mozart Orchestra.

He has also written the music for many films.

He has a number of engagements in the United States on the conclusion of his present engagement in South Africa.—China Mail Special.

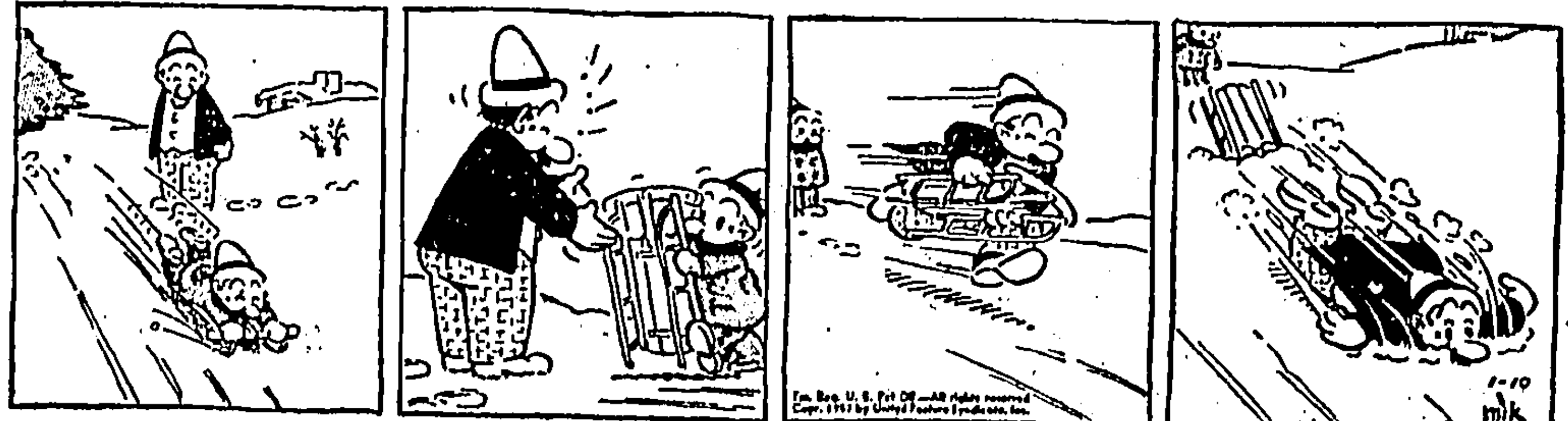
## MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



## FERD'NAND

By Milk



## NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller



## JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



## There's More than Magic in CADBURY'S



## CUTEX



## ROWNTREES



## Japanese Mothers Lift Sit Down Demonstrations

Tokyo, Mar. 19.  
Japanese mothers of senior high school applicants in Kochi Prefecture, Western Japan, today agreed to let their children receive entrance examinations.

More than two hundred mothers launched a sit down demonstration yesterday opposing the introduction of senior high school entrance examinations.

The Education Ministry here said seven out of 25 senior high school in the Prefecture had decided to introduce entrance examinations due to an increase in applicants. The Education Ministry said there were 2,701,717 students in the 3,000 senior high schools in Japan.

Of a total of 1,871,082 junior high school graduates in March last year, 801,008 or 51.3 per cent entered senior high schools.—Reuter.

## \$ AID NOT NEEDED

Washington, Mar. 19.  
West Germany no longer needed United States economic and military aid, William Raudolph Henrri Jr. said in a report to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, published today.

In his report, made at the Committee's request, Henrri, head of a large newspaper chain, said West Germany's financial reserves were sufficient to allow it to buy the military equipment it needed to fulfil its obligations towards the Nato.—France-Press.









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# CHINA MAIL

**SHEAFFER'S**  
*Skrip*

Page 10 WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1957.

## JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

### Graham's Trial Run

A GROUP stood outside a house in Hampstead, admiring a handsome car. Beside the car, a curly-haired, 17-year-old named Graham stood, lapping up the admiration, delighted at the impact the car had made on his girl, who was one of the group, and her brother and sister-in-law.

"And that's your uncle's car?" Graham's girl said, in awe. He nodded.

"And you're his favourite nephew?"

Graham nodded again. His girl looked at her brother and his wife, seeking acknowledgment of her fortune in finding such a boy.

**WELL,** we'd better be off," the girl's brother said, taking his wife's arm.

"Where you heading?" Graham asked.

"Luton."

"I'll run you there," said Graham. His popularity rating soared.

He drove the couple whom he hoped would one day be his in-laws to Luton. On his way home, at Harpenden, the car ran out of petrol. As Graham tinkered with the engine a policeman came up. "That car," he began, "was reported stolen in London."

**TO IMPRESS**

AT Clerkenwell, Graham's girl was taking to taking and driving away the car.

"I don't like to impress my girl," Graham said to the magistrate. "Anything I can do to impress her?"

"The 17th, there are four young boys of guilt, one of whom was convicted as an adult, a policeman said."

### Flag Welcome

(Continued from Page 1)

about the Anglo-French-Israeli withdrawal from Egypt last November after Britain and France had used the veto in the Security Council.

Mr Macmillan will also urge the President to take steps to ease the trade embargo with China, but observers on the spot believe that there is little chance of any concession on the part of the President.

A year ago President Eisenhower promised Sir Anthony Eden to study the problem of trade with China, but the restrictions are still in force.

### MAJOR PROBLEM

They are also likely to review the United States objection to China's Communist membership in the United Nations. Britain, although recognising the Communist Government, has continued to support the United States' stand against Chinese membership — an issue which is almost sure to become a major problem at the next UN General Assembly session in September. — China Mail Special.

## Triad Society Members Sent To Gaol

Six youths, who admitted being members of various triad societies, were each sentenced to six months' imprisonment by Mr Derek Cons at Central Magistracy this morning.

In addition they were ordered to be placed under police supervision for 18 months. Defendants were Tung Hung-kee, 19; Li Po-wah, 21; Ho Chuen-fai, 18; Tong Pak-on, 17; Chan Wing, 23, and Li Kwok-fung, 21.

Sub-Insp. K. M. Chan, stated in Court that about 9 p.m. on March 18, a party of detectives on patrol duty saw defendants in O'Brien Road near Johnston Road. They were having an argument over repayment of a debt, said Mr Chan.

As a result, detectives took them to the Eastern police station where defendants admitted to be members of the Tung San Wo, Wo Shing Wo and Wo Kwai Lok triad societies.

Another man, Chan Pang, 29, who appeared before the same Magistrate for a similar offence was given the same sentence.

Chan was said to be a member of the Luen Ying Triad Society.

## Made False Report

Li Chun, 46, residing at No. 220 Queen's Road West, ground floor, was fined \$50 or two weeks by Mr Derek Cons at Central Court this morning when he pleaded guilty to causing a public mischief.

The Court was informed that at 4.30 p.m. on March 18, defendant made a report to the Upper Levels police station stating that he had been robbed of \$442 between 1.30 p.m. and 1.35 p.m., that day on Des Voeux Road West. The report was sent to the Western police station.

A Chinese detective constable who was detailed to make enquiries questioned defendant who admitted that he was instructed by his employer, Lam Sui-fan, to pay an account of \$422 to the Lam Ping Chun tea shop, 23 Des Voeux Road West, ground floor, but that on his way to the tea house, he saw a crowd gathering near Wing Lok Wharf, joined in, and lost all the money.

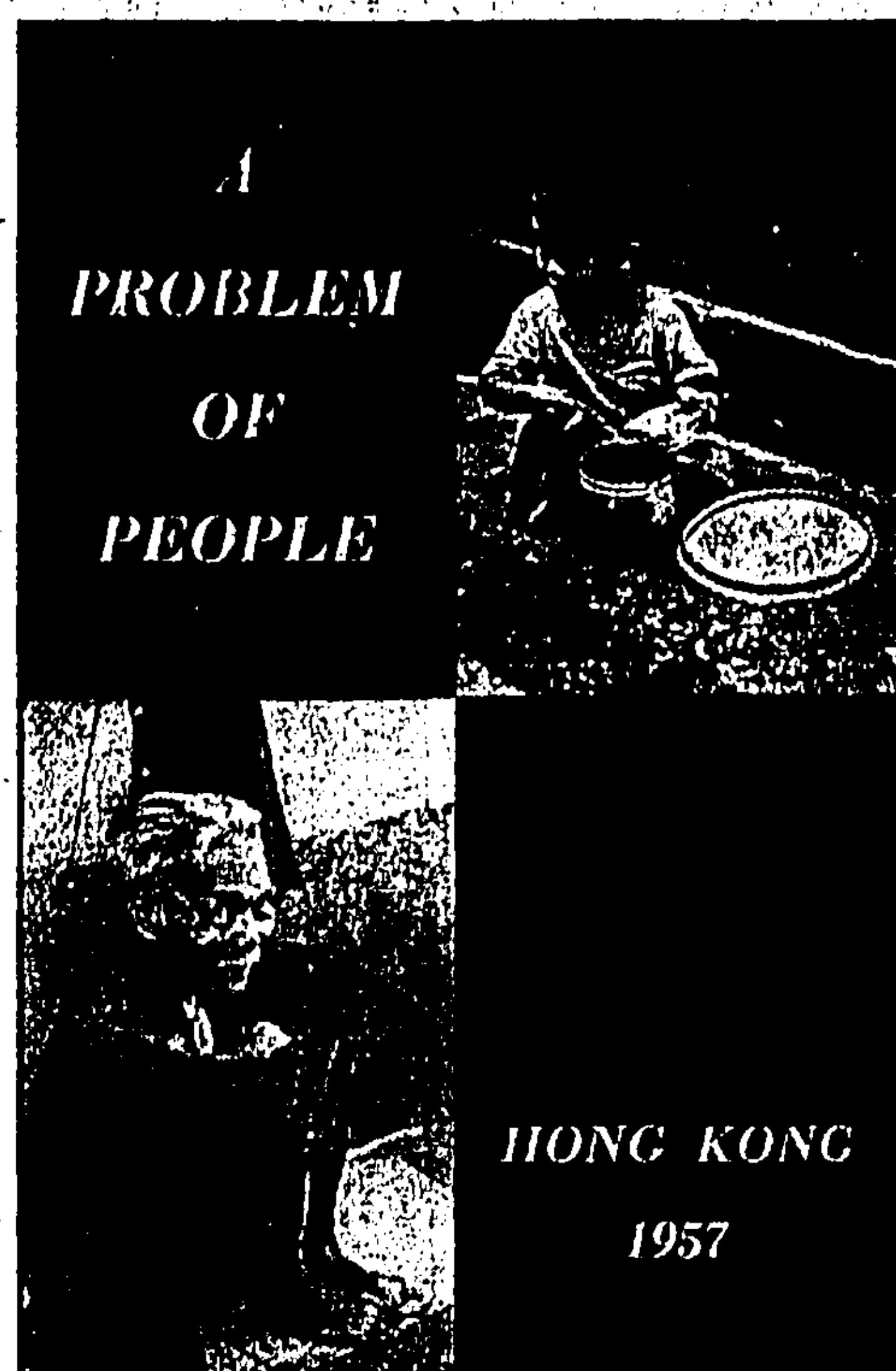
## Hit Woman With Iron Weight

Won Sal-luen, 18-year-old fish stall fiddler, of 118 Main Street, second floor, Apichau, was fined \$20 by Mr Derek Cons at Central Court this morning for common assault.

Defendant who pleaded guilty was alleged to have struck Chan Nui, a woman, with an iron weight at Apichau Market.

It was stated in Court that the incident took place when the complainant approaching that defendant always gave short weight. An argument followed and accused then hit the woman with an iron weight.

## It's Going Around The World



Here is the striking cover of the pamphlet officially published by Government which tells the story of Hongkong's tremendous problem of housing and resettling its refugees. The pamphlet, on sale locally at \$1 a copy, is skillfully illustrated, and thousands of copies are being sent overseas for widespread distribution.

## COURT SEQUEL TO FATAL ACCIDENT

As a result of a fatal traffic accident which occurred on January 2 at the junction of Wanchai Road and Morrison Hill Road, Kwong Pak-kong, 20, was this morning fined \$1,000 or three months in prison by Mr W. N. Thomas Tam at Central Magistracy.

A boy and a woman were also knocked down in the same mishap.

Kwong, of Yuk Shau Street, first floor, was found guilty of driving a car in a manner dangerous to the public. A charge of driving without due care and attention was dismissed.

He was represented by Mr J. C. Stewart of Stewart and Company.

The accident took place when the defendant was driving his car along Morrison Hill Road on January 2. He turned left into Wanchai Road and knocked down a man, a boy and a woman. They were sent to the Queen Mary Hospital and the man later died.

Kwong, in his own defence this morning, said that when he

saw a car coming from the opposite direction at high speed, he had to swerve immediately to avoid a collision. In doing so, he knocked down a man and a boy. He added that at the time he lost his head, and was very frightened. He said that if he had not swerved to the right he would have collided with the oncoming car.

"I felt very much regret after this accident," defendant said to the Magistrate.

In addition to the sentence, defendant's licence was ordered to be endorsed, and he was also disqualified from holding a licence for 12 months.

## Fog Interrupts Air Services

Fog shrouded the approaches to Kai Tak airport this morning and grounded all outward commercial flights. These flights, scheduled to depart at 10 a.m., were all for Bangkok and London: BOAC—for Bangkok and London; CPAL—for Tokyo; CPA—for Manila; BOAC—for Tokyo; HKA—for Manila; PAA—for Tokyo; TAC—for Tokyo.

There were three arrivals at Kai Tak during a break in the fog.

The CPA flight from Saigon and Singapore was diverted to Manila.

Just before noon visibility at the airport was about one mile and the cloud ceiling about 550 feet.

## Mail Notices

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20  
By Air  
Hawaii, U.S.A., Canada, 6 p.m.  
Korea, 6 p.m.  
THURSDAY, MARCH 21  
By Surface  
Peking, Shanghai, Hankow, Kuning, Hsibow, 7 a.m.  
Japan, 8 a.m.  
Thailand, Pakistan, Lebanon, Germany, France & Great Britain, 9 a.m.  
Philippines, 1 p.m.  
Pakistan, India, East Africa, 2 p.m.  
Great Britain, Europe, 6 p.m.  
Thailand, Ceylon, Burma, India, 6 p.m.  
U.S.A., 6 p.m.

## Appeal Against District Court Decision Dismissed

The Full Court this morning dismissed with costs an appeal against a District Judge's decision on matters arising out of a Tenancy Tribunal application.

The Court comprised the Chief Justice, Mr Justice M. J. Hogan, and the Puisne Judges, Mr Justice J. R. Gross.

The appellant, Tung Sal-on, who was the applicant at the Tribunal hearing, was represented by Mr V. L. J. D'Almada Remedios, of J. M. D'Almada Remedios and Co.

Mr Oswald Chung represented the respondent, Tung Kwok-yim, instructed by Mr P. C. Woo.

Reading out the judgment, Mr Justice Hogan said, in part:

### THREE QUESTIONS

"Following on an appeal to the District Court from the decision of the Tenancy Tribunal in this matter, the District Court has at the request of the appellant submitted the following questions for the opinion of this Court:—(1) Whether, when a building and/or premises as a whole has been shown to be in a state of disrepair, the provisions of Section 3(1)(b) of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, Chapter 255, Laws of Hongkong, can be construed in law to confer powers of appointment of a total cost of repairs to a particular portion or portions of the whole of the building and/or premises having regard to the provision of Section 3(1)(b) and/or to the said Ordinance as a whole.

(2) Whether, if the provisions of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, Chapter 255, Laws of Hongkong, can be construed so as to confer powers of appointment, the principles adopted by the learned Presiding Judge in his decision are correct.

(3) Whether the meaning of the words 'effected' and 'reasonably' in law be held to bear the construction placed upon them by the learned Presiding Judge in his decision having regard to the terms of Section 3(1)(b) and/or of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance Chapter 255 as a whole.

"Section 3(1) of the Ordinance provides that it shall not apply to (b) any premises which after the 16th day of August, 1945, have remained continuously untenanted, and which after the coming into force of this Ordinance have been rendered habitable by extensive repairs effected at the expense of the landlord."

"It is also provided by Section 3(2) of the Ordinance that when there is any doubt or dispute as to whether such premises are excepted from the application of this Ordinance by any of the provisions of subsection (1), the same may be referred to a tribunal on the application of a landlord or tenant."

"It appears that in the present instance, application has been made to a Tenancy Tribunal for a declaration that specified premises came within the exception, and that it was the duty of the Tenancy Tribunal to determine whether the particular premises in question satisfied the requirements laid down in Section 3(1)(b).

"It is difficult to see what relevance exists between that duty and the first question put to us, since it contains no precise indication of the relationship between the premises mentioned in the question and the premises in respect of which the application had been made. Counsel for the appellant, in the course of his argument, consequently decided to withdraw the request to answer this question."

"As regards the second question, it appears that the subject matter of the application with which the Tribunal was concerned, was the ground floor only of a larger building consisting of three floors known as No. 19 Sal Yuen Lane, and that repairs had been made to the whole of this building. The question the Tribunal had to determine was the cost of the repairs which had been effected to the ground floor, since that floor was the subject matter of the application, and in determining this question the Tribunal had to bear in mind the definition given in the second part of Section 3(1)(b), which opens with the words 'For the purpose of this paragraph the means repairs which are necessary for rendering the premises reasonably habitable and in respect of which...'

"The provision clearly prescribes that the premises must have been rendered habitable by extensive repairs effected, not 'commenced', after the amending Ordinance which granted the exemption came into operation. If the premises were not reasonably habitable before that date, the condition is satisfied, although the repairs to make them reasonably habitable had been already commenced. If, on the other hand, the premises had been made reasonably habitable before that date, the condition has not been satisfied although all the repairs contemplated for, or otherwise contemplated, had not been completed by then."

"In the present case, the Tenancy Tribunal is alleged to have ruled that, as the evidence showed, that the condition of the premises was not reasonably habitable before May 23, 1947, the premises had not been rendered habitable after the coming into force of the Ordinance. If this was intended to

"Counsel before us are agreed on the view, from which we see no reason to dissent, that the cost of providing the cost of these repairs would rest on the person, in this case the landlord, seeking to establish the exemption or exception provided by Section 3(1)(b)."

### QUESTION OF FACT

"The determination of the cost of these repairs is a pure question of fact to be determined in accordance with the evidence placed before the Tenancy Tribunal. As, however, some of the evidence placed before the Tribunal in this case showed the cost not merely of repairing the ground floor constituting the premises the subject matter of the application, but the cost of repairing the whole building, it was necessary for the Tribunal to satisfy itself as to how much of this cost was incurred for the purpose of effecting repairs to the ground floor. In discharging this task the Tribunal decided to allot and apportion these costs in the same way as they had been allotted and apportioned by the District Court in Tenancy Tribunal Appeals 77 and 78/55.

"Counsel for the appellant contends that this is an erroneous method of ascertaining the cost of repairing a particular floor forming part of a larger structure the whole of which has been repaired. He contends that in such circumstances the fairest and most appropriate method of determining the cost of repairing any particular portion of the whole is to divide the cost of repairing the whole by a figure equivalent to that proportion which the floor, the subject matter of the application, bears to the whole building."

### DIFFICULT METHOD

"When pressed to indicate in what respect the method adopted by the District Court in Tenancy Tribunal Appeals 77 and 78/55 was erroneous or failed to do justice, Counsel tended to confine himself to the argument that the method in question had not been applied consistently in the past, and that it was a difficult method to apply consistently and that therefore the method advocated on behalf of the appellant was preferable."

"Counsel for the Respondent on the other hand contends that the method used by the Tribunal in the present case, following the guidance afforded by the judgment in Tenancy Tribunal Appeals 77 and 78/55, was not only right and proper method to use in all cases, but was the only right and proper method to use in all cases."

"It seems to us that in determining a question of fact, a Court or Tribunal must be free to adopt any method of ascertaining the cost of repairs, provided that method is based on a proper method to use in all cases, and that the method used by the Tribunal in the present case, following the guidance afforded by the judgment in Tenancy Tribunal Appeals 77 and 78/55, was not only right and proper method to use in all cases, but was the only right and proper method to use in all cases."

### PROPER METHOD

"We see no reason to differ from the view of the Tenancy Tribunal and the District Court that that was a proper and suitable method of determining the cost of the repairs effected to the premises the subject matter of the present application."

"As regards the third question put to us, it appears that the District Court has followed the interpretation of Section 3(1)(b) laid down by Charles D. J. in his judgment in Tenancy Tribunal Appeal No. 13 when he said:

"The provision clearly prescribes that the premises must have been rendered habitable by extensive repairs effected, not 'commenced', after the amending Ordinance which granted the exemption came into operation. If the premises were not reasonably habitable before that date, the condition is satisfied, although the repairs to make them reasonably habitable had been already commenced. If, on the other hand, the premises had been made reasonably habitable before that date, the condition has not been satisfied although all the repairs contemplated for, or otherwise contemplated, had not been completed by then."

### TRIBUNAL UPHHELD

"In the present case, the Tenancy Tribunal is alleged to have ruled that, as the evidence showed, that the condition of the premises was not reasonably habitable before May 23, 1947, the premises had not been rendered habitable after the coming into force of the Ordinance. If this was intended to

mean that only part, even though it be the greater part, of the work necessary to render the premises habitable had been done before May 23, we would not have agreed with it. It would have been consistent with the view propounded by the District Court. But it appears that what the Tenancy Tribunal intended to convey by those words and the test which it has in practice applied was whether the repairs effected prior to May 23, 1947, even though further repairs may have been effected after that date, were by themselves sufficient to render the premises reasonably habitable before May 23, 1947.

"On the evidence before it, which included evidence from the contractor that the repairs to the whole building of which the premises in question formed a part, had been completed about a week before June 2, 1947, the Tenancy Tribunal held the landlord had failed in his effort to prove that the repairs to the premises, necessary to render them habitable, had been effected before May 23, 1947, and we see no reason to think that it was wrong in law in coming to that decision."

"The appeal is dismissed with costs, which will include the costs of the application for the certificate under S. 20 (a) and of settling the case stated."

## Women & Child Victimised

Two women and a child were victims in three matching cases in Kowloon yesterday.

At ten o'clock in the morning, a Chinese boy was detained in connection with the snatching of a silver chain from the wrist of a child being carried by the mother's back in Kiliang Street. In the afternoon, a Chinese woman had her wrist watch snatched in Yim Po Fong Street and several hours later a man snatched a purse from a woman pedestrian near the Kwong Wah Hospital in Nathan Road.

On Hongkong Island, two men had their pockets picked while travelling on board trains in Shaaukwan yesterday.

## Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. "Women Only". A weekly magazine introduced by Linda Roberts, 6 p.m. Time Signal. Programme Summary: 6.15, Lucky Dip. 6.20, Requests presented by Margaret, 6.25, 6.30, 6.35, 6.40, 6.45, 6.50, 6.55, 7.00, 7.05, 7.10, 7.15, 7.20, 7.25, 7.30, 7.35, 7.40, 7.45, 7.50, 7.55, 8.00, 8.05, 8.10, 8.15, 8.20, 8.25, 8.30, 8.35, 8.40, 8.45, 8.50, 8.55, 9.00, 9.05, 9.10, 9.15, 9.20, 9.25, 9.30, 9.35, 9.40, 9.45, 9.50, 9.55, 10.00, 10.05, 10.10, 10.15, 10.20, 10.25, 10.30, 10.35, 10.40, 10.45, 10.50, 10.55, 11.00, 11.05, 11.10, 11.15, 11.20, 11.25, 11.30, 11.35, 11.40, 11.45, 11.50, 11.55, 12.00, 12.05, 12.10, 12.15, 12.20, 12.25, 12.30, 12.35, 12.40, 12.45, 12.50, 12.55, 1.00, 1.05, 1.10, 1.15, 1.20, 1.25, 1.30, 1.35, 1.40, 1.45, 1.50, 1.55, 2.00, 2.05, 2.10, 2.15, 2.20, 2.25, 2.30, 2.35, 2.40, 2.45, 2.50, 2.55, 3.00, 3.05, 3.10, 3.15, 3.20, 3.25, 3.30, 3.35, 3.40, 3.45, 3.50, 3.55, 4.00, 4.05, 4.10, 4.15, 4.20, 4.25, 4.30, 4.35, 4.40, 4.45, 4.50, 4.55, 5.00, 5.05, 5.10, 5.15, 5.20, 5.25, 5.30, 5.35, 5.40, 5.45, 5.50, 5.55, 6.00, 6.05, 6.10, 6.15, 6.20, 6.25, 6.30, 6.35, 6.40, 6.45, 6.50, 6.55, 7.00, 7.05, 7.10, 7.15, 7.20, 7.25, 7.30, 7.35, 7.40, 7.45, 7.50, 7.55, 8.00, 8.05, 8.10, 8.15, 8.20, 8.25, 8.30, 8.35, 8.40, 8.45, 8.50, 8.55, 9.00, 9.05, 9.10, 9.15, 9.20, 9.25, 9.30, 9.35, 9.40, 9.45, 9.50, 9.55, 10.00, 10.05, 10.10, 10.15, 10.20, 10.25, 10.30, 10.35, 10.40, 10.45, 10.50, 10.55, 11.00, 11.05, 11.10, 11.15, 11.20, 11.25, 11.30, 11.35, 11.40, 11.45, 11.50, 11.55, 12.00, 12.05, 12.10, 12.15, 12.20, 12.25, 12.30, 12.35, 12.40, 12.45, 12.50, 12.55, 1.00, 1.05, 1.10, 1.15, 1.20, 1.25, 1.30, 1.35, 1.40, 1.45, 1.50, 1.55, 2.00, 2.05, 2.10, 2.15, 2.20, 2.25, 2.30, 2.35, 2.40, 2.45, 2.50, 2.55, 3.00, 3.05, 3.10, 3.15, 3.20, 3.25, 3.30, 3.35, 3.40, 3.45, 3.50, 3.55, 4.00, 4.05, 4.10, 4.15, 4.20, 4.25, 4.30, 4.35, 4.40, 4.45, 4.50, 4.55, 5.00, 5.05, 5.10, 5.15, 5.20, 5.25, 5.30, 5.35, 5.40, 5.45, 5.50, 5.55, 6.00, 6.05, 6.10, 6.15, 6.20, 6.25, 6.30, 6.35, 6.40, 6.45, 6.50, 6.55, 7.00, 7.05, 7.10, 7.15, 7.20, 7.25, 7.30, 7.35, 7.40, 7.45, 7.50, 7.55, 8.00, 8.05, 8.10, 8.15, 8.20, 8.25, 8.30, 8.35, 8.40, 8.45, 8.50, 8.55, 9.00, 9.05, 9.10, 9.15, 9.20, 9.25, 9.30, 9.35, 9.40, 9.45, 9.50, 9.55, 10.00, 10.05, 10.10, 10.15, 10.20, 10.25, 10.30, 10.35, 10.40, 10.45, 10.50, 10.55, 11.00, 11.05, 11.10, 11.15, 11.20, 11.25, 11.30, 11.35, 11.40, 11.45, 11.50, 11.55, 12.00, 12.05, 12.10, 12.15, 12.20, 12.25, 12.30, 12.35, 12.40, 12.45, 12.50, 12.55, 1.00, 1.05, 1.10, 1.15, 1.20, 1.25, 1.30, 1.35, 1.40, 1.45, 1.50, 1.55, 2.00, 2.05, 2.10, 2.15, 2.20, 2.25, 2.30, 2.35, 2.40, 2.45, 2.50, 2.55, 3.00, 3.05, 3.10, 3.15, 3.20, 3.25, 3.30, 3.35, 3.40, 3.45, 3.50, 3.55, 4.00, 4.05, 4.10, 4.15, 4.20, 4.25, 4.30, 4.35, 4.40, 4.45, 4.50, 4.55, 5.00, 5.05, 5.10, 5.15, 5.20, 5.25, 5.30, 5.35, 5.40, 5.45, 5.50, 5.55, 6.00, 6.05, 6.10, 6.15, 6.20, 6.25, 6.30, 6.35, 6.40, 6.45, 6.50, 6.55, 7.00, 7.05, 7.10, 7.15, 7.20, 7.25, 7.30, 7.35, 7.40, 7.45, 7.50, 7.55, 8.00, 8.05, 8.10, 8.15, 8.20, 8.25, 8.30, 8.35, 8.40, 8.45, 8.50, 8.55, 9.00, 9.05, 9.10, 9.15, 9.20, 9.25, 9.30, 9.35, 9.40, 9.45, 9.50, 9.55, 10.00, 10.05, 10.10, 10.15, 10.20, 10.25, 10.30, 10.35, 10.40, 10.45, 10.50, 10.55, 11.00, 11.05, 11.10, 11.15, 11.20, 11.25, 11.30, 11.35, 11.40, 11.45, 11.50, 11.55, 12.00, 12.05, 12.10, 12.15, 12.20, 12.25, 12.30, 12.35, 12.40, 12.45, 12.50, 12.55, 1.00, 1.05, 1.10, 1.15, 1.20, 1.25, 1.30, 1.35, 1.40, 1.45, 1.50, 1.55, 2.00, 2.05, 2.10, 2.15, 2.20, 2.25, 2.30, 2.35, 2.40, 2.45, 2.50, 2.55, 3.00, 3.05, 3.10, 3.15, 3.20, 3.25, 3.30, 3.35, 3.40, 3.45, 3.50, 3.55, 4.00, 4.05, 4.10, 4.15, 4.20, 4.25, 4.30, 4.35, 4.40, 4.45, 4.50, 4.55, 5.00, 5.05, 5.10, 5.15, 5.20, 5.25, 5.30, 5.35, 5.40, 5.45, 5.50, 5.55, 6.00, 6.05, 6.10, 6.15, 6.20, 6.25, 6.30, 6.35, 6.40, 6.45, 6.50, 6.55, 7.00, 7.05, 7.10, 7.15, 7.20, 7.25, 7.30, 7.35, 7.40, 7.45, 7.50, 7.55, 8.00, 8.05, 8.10, 8.15, 8.20, 8.25, 8.30, 8.35, 8.40, 8.45, 8.50, 8.55, 9.00, 9.05, 9.10, 9.15, 9.20, 9.25, 9.30, 9.35, 9.40, 9.45, 9.50, 9.55, 10.00, 10.05, 10.10, 10.15, 10.20, 10.25, 10.30, 10.35, 10.40, 10.45, 10.50, 10.55, 11.00, 11.05, 11.10, 11.15, 11.20, 11.25, 11.30, 11.35, 11.40, 11.45, 11.50, 11.55, 12.00, 12.05, 12.10, 12.15, 12.20, 12.25, 12.30, 12.35, 12.40, 12.45, 12.50, 12.55, 1.00, 1.05, 1.10, 1.15, 1.20, 1.25, 1.30, 1.35, 1.40, 1.45, 1.50, 1.55, 2.00, 2.05, 2.10, 2.15, 2.20, 2.25, 2.30, 2.35, 2.40, 2.45, 2.50, 2.55, 3.00, 3.05, 3.10, 3.15, 3.20, 3.25, 3.30, 3.35, 3.40, 3.45, 3.50, 3.55, 4.00, 4.05, 4.10, 4.15, 4.20, 4.25, 4.30, 4.35, 4.40, 4.45, 4.50, 4.55, 5.00, 5.05, 5.10, 5.15, 5.20, 5.25, 5.30, 5.35, 5.40, 5.45, 5.50, 5.55, 6.00, 6.05, 6.10, 6.15, 6.20, 6.25, 6.30, 6.35, 6.40, 6.45, 6.50, 6.55, 7.00, 7.05, 7.10, 7.15, 7.20, 7.25, 7.30, 7.35, 7.40, 7.45, 7.50, 7.55, 8.00, 8.05, 8.10, 8.15, 8.20, 8.25, 8.30, 8.35, 8.40, 8.45, 8.50, 8.55, 9.00, 9.05, 9.10, 9.15, 9.20, 9.25, 9.30, 9.35, 9.40, 9.45, 9.50, 9.